$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

| 12 | 6 | 13 | 25 | 10 | 17 | 11 | 8 | 21 | 14 | 10 | 33 | 16 | 6 | 18 | 21 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

For the above data that represent the homework scores, Use calculator TI-83 or TI-84 to find

1) Mean, (Round in 2 decimal)
2) Median, (Round in 2 decimal)
3) Q1, (Round in 2 decimal)
4) Q3, (Round in 2 decimal)
5) Standard deviation, (Round in 2 decimal)
6) Variance, (Round in 2 decimal)
7) Apply 68\% empirical Rule, (Round in 2 decimal)
8) Apply $95 \%$ empirical Rule, (Round in 2 decimal)
9) $\qquad$
10) $\qquad$
11) $\qquad$
12) $\qquad$
13) $\qquad$
14) $\qquad$
15) $\qquad$
16) $\qquad$
17) Use the number line at bottom to do a Dot Plot for above data and comment on its distribution.

| 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 28 | 30 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

10) Compare your answers on parts 1 through 4 with practice \# 1 and draw conclusion.
11) Below is the picture of locations of mean, mode and median for centered and skewed to the right histogram. Sketch a skewed to the left histogram and draw and label mean, mode and median.


B: Use both formula and the Ti Calculator to find the mean, standard deviation and the variance for the following data $7,6,3,9,12,5$, and also draw the dot-plot.

| $x$ | $\bar{x}=\frac{\sum x}{n}=$ | $(x-\bar{x})$ | $(x-\bar{x})^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  | $\sum(x-\bar{x})^{2}=$ |
| 5 |  |  |  |
| $\sum x=$ |  |  |  |

$S=\sqrt{\frac{\sum(x-\bar{x})^{2}}{n-1}}=\sqrt{\frac{V}{}}=\sqrt{ } \quad \quad$ Variance $=s^{2}=$
Apply 68\% empirical rule to data in Problem B

Apply 95\% empirical rule to data in Problem B
C. Use both formula and the Ti Calculator to find the mean, and only Ti Calculator to find the standard deviation and the variance

| Test Scores | Frequency $=f$ | midpoint <br> $m$ | $f \times m$ | $f \times m^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-8$ | 12 |  |  |  |
| $8-16$ | 20 |  |  |  |
| $16-24$ | 32 |  |  |  |
| $24-32$ | 22 |  |  |  |
| $32-40$ | 14 |  |  |  |
|  | $\sum f=n=$ |  |  |  |

Mean: $\bar{X}=\frac{\sum f \times m}{n}=\square \quad$ Stand Dev: $S=\sqrt{\frac{n \sum f \times m^{2}-\left(\sum f \times m\right)^{2}}{n(n-1)}}=\sqrt{ }=$

Apply 68\% empirical rule to data in Problem C

Apply 95\% empirical rule to data in Problem C
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Name: $\qquad$

| 12 | 6 | 13 | 25 | 10 | 17 | 11 | 8 | 21 | 14 | 10 | 33 | 16 | 6 | 18 | 21 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

For the above data that represent the homework scores, Use calculator TI-83 or TI-84 to find

1) Mean, (Round in 2 decimal)
2) 15.06
3) Median, (Round in 2 decimal)
4) 13.50
5) Q1, (Round in 2 decimal)
6) 10
7) Q3, (Round in 2 decimal)
8) 19.5
9) Standard deviation, (Round in 2 decimal)
10) 7.31
11) Variance, (Round in 2 decimal)
12) 53.40
13) Apply $68 \%$ empirical Rule, (Round in 2 decimal) $15.06 \pm 1(7.31)$
14) 7.75 to 22.37
15) Apply $95 \%$ empirical Rule, (Round in 2 decimal) $15.06 \pm 2(7.31)$
16) 0.44 to 29.68
17) Use the number line at bottom to do a Dot Plot for above data and comment on its distribution.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 28 |

## Distribution of data is Skewed to the right.

10) Compare your answers on parts 1 through 4 with practice \# 1 and draw conclusion.

Compared with practice 1 every data is increased by 2, and the answers for mean, mode Q1, Q2, and Q3 all increased by 2 .
11) Below is the picture of locations of mean, mode and median for centered and skewed to the right histogram. Sketch a skewed to the left histogram and draw and label mean, mode and median.


B: Use both formula and the Ti Calculator to find the mean, standard deviation and the variance for the following data $7,6,3,9,12,5$, and also draw the dot-plot.

| $x$ | $\bar{x}=\frac{\sum x}{n}=$ | $(x-\bar{x})$ | $(x-\bar{x})^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 7 | -1 | 1 |
| 3 | 7 | -4 | 16 |
| 9 | 7 | 2 | 4 |
| 12 | 7 | 5 | 25 |
| 5 | 7 | -2 | 4 |
| $\sum x=$ |  |  | $\sum(x-\bar{x})^{2}=50$ |

$S=\sqrt{\frac{\sum(x-\bar{x})^{2}}{n-1}}=\sqrt{\frac{50}{6-1}}=\sqrt{10}=3.16$
Variance $=s^{2}=10$

Apply $68 \%$ empirical rule to data in Problem B: $7 \pm 1(3.16)$ or $(3.84,10.16)$
Apply $95 \%$ empirical rule to data in Problem B: $7 \pm 2(3.16)$ or $(0.68,13.32)$
C. Use both formula and the Ti Calculator to find the mean, and only $\underline{\mathrm{Ti} \text { Calculator to find the standard deviation and }}$ the variance

| Test Scores | Frequency $=f$ | midpoint <br> $m$ | $f \times m$ | $f \times m^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-8$ | 12 | 4 | 48 | 192 |
| $8-16$ | 20 | 12 | 240 | 2880 |
| $16-24$ | 32 | 20 | 640 | 12800 |
| $24-32$ | 22 | 28 | 616 | 17248 |
| $32-40$ | 14 | 36 | 504 | 18144 |
|  | $\sum f=n=100$ |  | $\sum f \times m=2048$ | $\sum\left(f \times m^{2}\right)=51264$ |

Mean: $\bar{X}=\frac{\sum f \times m}{n}=\frac{2048}{100}=20.48 \quad$ Stand Dev:
$S=\sqrt{\frac{n \sum f \times m^{2}-\left(\sum f \times m\right)^{2}}{n(n-1)}}=\sqrt{\frac{100(51264)-(2048)^{2}}{100(100-1)}}=\sqrt{\frac{932096}{9900}}=\sqrt{94.15}=9.70$
Apply 68\% empirical rule to data in Problem C $\quad 20.48 \pm 1(9.70)$
$(10.78,30.18)$
Apply 95\% empirical rule to data in Problem C
$20.48 \pm 2(9.70)=20.48 \pm 19.4$
$(1.08,39.88)$

