#### Motion

#### PART 1: CONCEPTS

What is speed? how fast is an object moving (distance over time)

2. What is vetocity

### speed + ddirection

- 3. Frank walks 8 meters east, and then 5 meters west a. What is Frank's total distance traveled? 13m

  - b. What is Frank's total displacement traveled?

3 m cast

4. What is the difference between speed and velocity?

# velocity includes direction and magnitude. speed is only magnitude

5. Give me 1 example of average speed

45 mph from here to Swannah 6. Give me 1 example of instantaneous speed.

# What your spedometer in your car reads

7. What is a singular word that indicates that your velocity is increasing?

## accelerate

8. What is a singular word that indicates that your velocity is decreasing?

## decelente

9. Acceleration due to Gravity on Earth

#### 9.8-15

10. What are the units for acceteration?

### $m/s^2$

#### PART 2: CALCULATIONS

VER 1

V,E C

- 1. A train is traveling at 745 km/hr travels the 613 km from Los Angles to Sacramento. How long of a time will it take to make that trip on this super fast train? 745×-/60
  - V = 745 ma/bc **d** = 613 km 4=
- 2. A tiger is crouching, silently and motionless in the tall grass. He finally pounces forward, accelerating for 3.5 seconds after its prey, reaching a final velocity of 15.7 m/s. What was the acceleration of our tiger? A =

5.7m/s 
$$A = \frac{V_{F} - V_{I}}{T} = \frac{15.7m/s - 0m/s}{3.5s} + \frac{4.49m/s^2}{100}$$

.82hr

7.16m/

3. S
What is the velocity of a rhino that runs 48 meters in 6.7 seconds?

- V = d = 49-+= 6.75
- 4. If a golf ball is hit and accelerates at 17m/s<sup>2</sup> until it reaches a final velocity of 58 m/s, how much time did it take the golf ball reach this final velocity?

$$A = 17 - 1/s^{2} \qquad A$$

$$V_{g} = 58 - 1/s^{2} \qquad 17 - 1/s^{2}$$

$$V_{g} = 0 - 1/s \qquad 17 - 1/s^{2} \qquad 17 - 1/s^{2}$$

$$+ = \frac{3}{3.41} - \frac{3}{5} - \frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{5}$$





5. Describe what each line segment is indicating in terms of motion.

Ato B- Accelerate Bto C. Maistain Constant Velecity C to D - Decelerat

6. Calculate the average acceleration from A to B.

$$A = \frac{V_F - V_1}{+} = \frac{15mis - Omis}{2s}$$



.5 m/s

## PART 4: Optional problems

Tell me if the following applies to scalars or vectors

	Scalar	Vector
Characterized by magnitude only	×	
Characterized by magnitude and direction		X
Distance	×	
Velocity		×
8m/s	×	
Speed	×	
Displacement		X
4m east		×
3 miles south		×
55 km/hr	×	

1. Jason decides to go for a drive. He drives his car 8miles south for 10 minutes. He then turns around and drives 11miles north for another 15 minutes. Draw me the vectors (head to toe) and calculate the resultant vector's displacement.



- 8mi IImi
- 2. It is "run the bases night" at the Riverdogs game if you are 12 years old or younger. You watch your 5 year old cousin run north from home plate to 1<sup>st</sup> base. The distance between those two bases is 27.43 meters. Being a 5 year old, when your cousin reaches 1<sup>st</sup> base, she hops on the bag once, and then turns at a right angle towards 2<sup>nd</sup> base and runs the 27.43 meters west to 2<sup>nd</sup> base. Draw me the vectors (head to toe) and calculate the resultant vector's displacement of your little cousin's run from home plate to 2<sup>nd</sup> base.



3. I am watching a gameshow where contestants try to run through an obstacle course. If they are successful, they win money. This ambitious contestant is running along a balance beam. He runs 12 meters east in 4.7 seconds. Out of nowhere, he is hit by a giant swinging padded ball that is the size of a small car. This knocks our contestant, mid-run, off of the balance beam and flies directly north (at a very convenient right angle) 3.2 meters into a foam pit. That unexpected 3.2 meter trip took 1.5 seconds, and cost our contestant a chance at the grand prize. Draw me the vectors (head to toe), calculate the vectors velocity, and calculate the resultant vectors velocity.

$$\begin{array}{c} A^2 + B^2 = C^2 \\ R_2 + B^2 = C^2 \\ (2.55 m/s)^2 + (2.13 m/s)^2 \\ (3.50 m/s)^2 + (3.13 m/s)^2 \\ (3.32 m/s)^2 + (3.13 m/$$

pin fly backwards?  $m_1 \vee v_1 = m_2 \vee v_2$   $m_1 = 6k_5$   $V_1 = 11m/s$   $M_2 = 4.5k_5 \times v_2$   $M_3 = 4.5k_5 \times v_2$  $M_3 = 4.5k_5 \times v_2$ 



A group of boys are bored and put a 2 kg rock up on the top of a fence. They then take turns trying to hit it with a 0.85 kg tennis ball. The 3<sup>rd</sup> boy hits the rock with a tennis ball throw where the ball is traveling at 7.6 m/s. What is going to be the momentum of the rock when it flies backwards, assuming the tennis ball stops on impact and we have perfect physics conditions?

 $P_1 = P_2$ M. = . 85Ks V1 = 7.6m/5  $m_1$   $V_1 = P_2$ M2 = .8545 v 7. Carls = V- > 6.46 Kg x m/s = P2

8.