## Chapter II Quiz Study Guide

## **PSYC 356**

After reading the chapter, indicate whether these statements are true or false.

- I. A woman can determine when she ovulates because her cervical discharge changes in consistency and color as a woman nears ovulation. (True / False)
- 2. All forms of birth control prevent conception. (True / False)
- 3. When using a fertility awareness-based method it is essential that a woman can predict when she ovulates. (True / False)
- 4. The intrauterine device (IUD) alters the lining of the uterus preventing implantation. (True / False)
- 5. Male and female sterilization should be approached as an irreversible procedure. (True / False)
- 6. The "morning after" pill can be used to prevent conception OR to terminate a pregnancy. (True / False)
- 7. An advantage of the female condom is that it is less likely to break than the male condom. (True / False)
- 8. Condoms are the most effective form of contraception. (True / False)
- 9. Hormonal contraceptives are only available as "the Pill." (True / False)
- 10. Hormonal contraceptives induce the female body into a chemical state resembling pregnancy. (True / False)
- II. The best contraceptive will always be the one that you will use consistently and correctly. (True / False)
- 12. The belief that life begins at conception is the foundation of the pro-choice stance. (True / False)
- 13. Most elective abortions occur during the first trimester of prenatal development. (True / False)
- 14. Birth control is a method of contraception. (True / False)