

## Exercise Set 6.6 (page 399)

1. (a)  $1 + \pi - 2 \sin x - \sin 2x$  (b)  $1 + \pi - \frac{2}{1} \sin x - \frac{2}{2} \sin(2x) - \cdots - \frac{2}{n} \sin(nx)$
3. (a)  $\frac{e^x}{e-1} - \frac{1}{2}$  (b)  $\frac{7e-19}{12e-12} \approx 0.00136$
5. (a)  $\frac{3x}{\pi}$  (b)  $1 - \frac{6}{\pi^2} \approx 0.392$  9.  $\frac{1}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k\pi} (1 - (-1)^k) \sin kx$

## True/False 6.6

- (a) False (b) True (c) True (d) False (e) True

## Chapter 6 Supplementary Exercises (page 399)

1. (a)  $(0, a, a, 0)$  with  $a \neq 0$  (b)  $\pm \left(0, \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, 0\right)$
3. (a) The subspace of all matrices in  $M_{22}$  with zeros on the main diagonal.  
(b) The subspace of all  $2 \times 2$  skew-symmetric matrices.
7.  $\pm \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$  9. No 11. (b)  $\theta$  approaches  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  17. No

## Exercise Set 7.1 (page 407)

1. (a) Orthogonal;  $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$  (b) Orthogonal;  $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$
3. (a) Not orthogonal (b) Orthogonal;  $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{bmatrix}$  7.  $T_A(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{23}{5} \\ \frac{18}{25} \\ \frac{101}{25} \end{bmatrix}; \|T_A(\mathbf{x})\| = \|\mathbf{x}\| = \sqrt{38}$
9. Yes 11.  $a^2 + b^2 = \frac{1}{2}$  13. (a)  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 + 3\sqrt{3} \\ 3 + \sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$  (b)  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{2} - \sqrt{3} \\ 1 + \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$  15. (a)  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$  (b)  $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{7}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$
17. (a)  $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 2 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \end{bmatrix}$  (b)  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 6 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix}$  19.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ 0 & -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$
21. (a) Rotations about the origin, reflections about any line through the origin, and any combination of these  
(b) Rotations about the origin, dilations, contractions, reflections about lines through the origin, and combinations of these  
(c) No; dilations and contractions
23. (a)  $(\mathbf{p})_S = \left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}, \sqrt{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}\right), (\mathbf{q})_S = \left(-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}, 2\sqrt{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$   
(b)  $\|\mathbf{p}\| = \sqrt{11}, d(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}) = \sqrt{21}, \langle \mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q} \rangle = 0$

## True/False 7.1

- (a) False (b) False (c) False (d) False (e) True (f) True (g) True (h) True

## Exercise Set 7.2 (page 416)

1.  $\lambda^2 - 5\lambda = 0$ ;  $\lambda = 0$ : one-dimensional;  $\lambda = 5$ : one-dimensional  
 3.  $\lambda^3 - 3\lambda^2 = 0$ ;  $\lambda = 3$ : one-dimensional;  $\lambda = 0$ : two-dimensional  
 5.  $\lambda^4 - 8\lambda^3 = 0$ ;  $\lambda = 0$ : three-dimensional;  $\lambda = 8$ : one-dimensional

7.  $P = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{2}{\sqrt{7}} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7}} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}} \end{bmatrix}$ ;  $P^{-1}AP = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$  9.  $P = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{4}{5} & 0 & \frac{3}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{3}{5} & 0 & \frac{4}{5} \end{bmatrix}$ ;  $P^{-1}AP = \begin{bmatrix} 25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -50 \end{bmatrix}$

11.  $P = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ 0 & \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{bmatrix}$ ;  $P^{-1}AP = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

13.  $P = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{4}{5} & 0 & \frac{3}{5} & 0 \\ \frac{3}{5} & 0 & \frac{4}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{4}{5} & 0 & \frac{3}{5} \\ 0 & \frac{3}{5} & 0 & \frac{4}{5} \end{bmatrix}$ ;  $P^{-1}AP = \begin{bmatrix} -25 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 25 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 25 \end{bmatrix}$

15. (2)  $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} + (4) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} = (2) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} + (4) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

17.  $(-4) \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \end{bmatrix} + (-4) \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{bmatrix} + (2) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} \end{bmatrix}$   
 $= (-4) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + (-4) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix} + (2) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$

19.  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  21. Yes 23. (a)  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{4-2\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{4-2\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{-\sqrt{2}-1}{4+2\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{4+2\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$  (b)  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$

## True/False 7.2

- (a) True (b) True (c) False (d) True (e) True (f) True (g) True

## Exercise Set 7.3 (page 427)

1. (a)  $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$  (b)  $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ -3 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$  (c)  $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 3 & -4 \\ 3 & -1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -4 & \frac{1}{2} & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$

3.  $2x^2 + 5y^2 - 6xy$  5.  $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix}$ ;  $Q = 3y_1^2 + y_2^2$

7.  $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix}$ ;  $Q = y_1^2 + 4y_2^2 + 7y_3^2$