

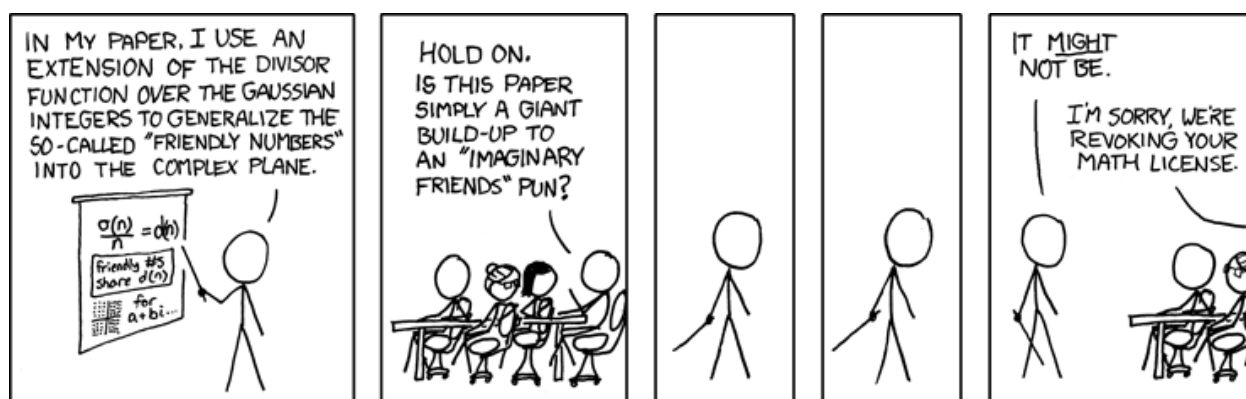
Exam 2

Name: _____

Signature: _____

Student ID: _____

- No notes or books.
- Show all work.
- Good luck!



1. (12 points) Consider the surface below.

$$x^2 + \frac{y^2}{4} + z^2 = 1$$

- (a) (6 points) Find the xy , xz , and yz traces of the surface.
- (b) (1 point) What type of surface is the function?
- (c) (5 points) Find the equation of the tangent plane to the surface at the point $(0, 2, 0)$.

2. (9 points) Find the partial derivatives f_x, f_y, f_z for the function below.

DO NOT SIMPLIFY YOUR ANSWER.

$$f(x, y, z) = \frac{x^2 + y}{xyz + z^2}$$

3. (5 points) For the following set of three planes, determine if the planes are parallel, orthogonal, or none of the above.

$$Q : -2x - 2y + 4z = 2 \quad R : x + y + z = 1 \quad S : -2x - 2y - 2z = 15$$

4. (12 points) Consider the function below.

$$f(x, y) = \frac{2y}{x^2 + y}$$

- (a) (2 points) Compute the limit as $(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)$ along the y -axis.
- (b) (2 points) Compute the limit as $(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)$ along the line $y = mx$, $m \neq 0$
- (c) (2 points) Compute the limit as $(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)$ along the parabola $y = x^2$.
- (d) (3 point) What can you conclude about the limit at $(0, 0)$? Explain why.
- (e) (3 points) What can you conclude about the continuity of the function below at $(0, 0)$? Explain your reasoning.

$$g(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2y}{x^2 + y} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 3 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$$

5. (12 points) The area of a right triangle with base b and height h is $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$.
- (a) (4 points) Assume that b and h change according to the function $b = g(t)$ and $h = f(t)$. Find $\frac{dA}{dt}$.
- (b) (6 points) Suppose that the sides of the triangle oscillate in length according to $b = 1 + \cos^2(t)$ and $h = 1 + \sin^2(t)$. Find $\frac{dA}{dt}$.
- (c) (2 points) Is the area of the triangle in part (b) increasing or decreasing at $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$?

6. (12 points) Use the Second Derivative Test to classify the critical point(s) of the function below.

Note: You do NOT have to compute function values.

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 + x^2y + 4$$

7. (8 points) Using Lagrange multipliers, find the point at which the maximum occurs for the given function and constraint.

$$f(x, y) = 12xy - x^2 - 3y^2 \quad \text{subject to} \quad x + y = 16$$

EXTRA. (4 points) Find the limit (it does exist).

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (4,0)} x^2 y \ln(xy)$$

Problem	Max Points	Points
1	12	
2	9	
3	5	
4	12	
5	12	
6	12	
7	8	
Extra	4	
Total	70	